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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/716,545	11/20/2000	Gajendra P. Singh	03226.049001;P5243	7006
32615	7590	07/06/2004	EXAMINER	
OSHA & MAY L.L.P./SUN 1221 MCKINNEY, SUITE 2800 HOUSTON, TX 77010			DONAGHUE, LARRY D	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2154	

DATE MAILED: 07/06/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/716,545

Applicant(s)

SINGH ET AL.

Examiner

Larry D Donaghue

Art Unit

2154

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --
Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) ____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-22, 25 and 35-41 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 23, 24 and 26-34 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on ____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- 1) ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date ____.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____.
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other: ____.

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1. Claims 1-30 are presented for examination.
2. Claims 23 and 26-34 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

4. Claims 1-22, 25 and 35-41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Singh et al. (6,420,903).

Singh et al. taught the invention as claimed including a system for implementing vertical threading in a processor, comprising: a header block that receives a multi-function signal (1112) and generates a plurality of signals using the multi-function signal; and a data storage block (1114) that is responsive to the plurality of signals generated by the header block.

As to claim 2, Singh et al. taught the header block comprises header circuitry which distinguishes between different functionalities exhibited by the multi-function signal (col. 7, lines 12-39).

As to claim 3, Singh et al. taught the multi-function signal comprises a scan enable function, a clock enable function, and a clock disable function (col. 7, lines 12-39).

As to claim 4, Singh et al. taught the header block receives signals in addition to the multi-function signal (col. 7, lines 12-39).

As to claim 5, Singh et al. taught the additional signals received by the header block comprise a clock input signal and a global thread identifier signal (col. 7, lines 12-39).

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As to claim 6, Singh et al. taught the global thread identifier signal is used by the processor to selectively indicate to the header block that the data storage block needs to switch process threads (col. 6, line 62-col. 7, line 6) .

As to claim 7, Singh et al. taught the clock input signal is generated by the processor and is used by the header block to determine time references for operations in the header block (col. 7, lines 17-25).

As to claim 8, Singh et al. taught the plurality of signals generated by the header block comprise an external pulse signal, an inverted external pulse signal, a scan clock signal, and a local thread identifier signal (col. 7, lines 12-39).

As to claim 9, Singh et al. taught the external pulse signal is used by the data storage block as a time reference for operations in a normal mode (col. 7, lines 24-28).

As to claim 10, Singh et al. taught the inverted external pulse signal is an inverse of the external pulse signal, and wherein the inverted external pulse signal is used by the data storage block to facilitate operations in a normal mode (col. 7, lines 24-28).

As to claim 11, Singh et al. taught the scan clock signal is used by the data storage block as a time reference for operations in a scan mode (col. 7, line lines 26-28).

As to claim 12, Singh et al. taught, wherein the local thread identifier signal is generated by the header block using a global thread identifier signal (col. 7, lines 12-39).

As to claim 13, Singh et al. taught the data storage block receives the plurality of signals generated by the header block, and wherein the header block and the data storage block are part of a multiple-bit flip-flop, and wherein the multiple-bit flip-flop is used in a processor pipeline (1110 and fig. 1).

As to claim 14, Singh et al. taught the processor pipeline comprises a plurality of multiple-bit flip-flops (fig. 1 and col. 3, lines 55-67).

As to claim 15, Singh et al. taught the data storage block comprises at least one data storage element that is capable of storing data for a plurality of process threads (col. 6, line 62-col. 7, line 6) .

As to claim 16, Singh et al. taught the header block controls a plurality of modes in which the data storage block may operate, and wherein the multi function signal comprises additional functions (col. 7, lines 12-39).

As to claim 17, Singh et al. taught implementing vertical threading, comprising: receiving a multi-function signal in a header block; determining which function the multi-function signal serves; generating signals within and from the header block according to the

determination; and operating a multiple-bit flip-flop in one of a plurality of operation modes dependent upon the determination of which function the multi-function signal serves (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

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As to claim 18, Singh et al. taught the multi-function signal can serve as a scan enable function, a clock enable function, and a clock disable function (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

As to claim 19, Singh et al. taught the signals generated from the header block are received by a data storage block (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

As to claim 20, Singh et al. taught the data storage block operates in one of the plurality of operation modes dependent upon the signals generated from the header block (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

As to claim 21, Singh et al. taught the determination of which mode to operate the multiple-bit flip-flop comprises: distinguishing between multiple characteristics of the multi-function signal; using the multi-function signal to generate intermediary signals; and using the intermediary signals to determine when the multiple-bit flip-flop should go into or remain in one of the plurality of operation modes (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

As to claim 22, Singh et al. taught wherein the intermediary signals are internal to the header block, and wherein the plurality of operation modes comprise a normal mode and a scan mode (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

As to claim 25, Singh et al. taught inputting a first clock signal; inputting the multi-function signal; inputting a global thread identifier signal; and selectively generating an external pulse signal, a scan clock signal, and a local thread identifier signal dependent upon the behavior of the pulse signal, the multi-function signal, and the global thread identifier signal.

As to claim 35, Singh et al. taught converting an existing processor without vertical threading into a processor with vertical threading without changing an architectural layout of the existing processor (col. 2, lines 1-58).

As to claim 36, Singh et al. taught means for inputting a clock signal; means for inputting a multi-function signal; means for inputting a global thread identifier signal; means for distinguishing between different functionalities of the multi-function signal to determine which of a plurality of functions the multi-function serves; and means for generating a plurality of signals based on the determination of which of the plurality of functions the multi function serves, the clock signal, and the global thread identifier signal (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

As to claim 37, Singh et al. taught the plurality of signals comprises an external pulse signal, an inverted external pulse signal, a scan clock signal, and a local thread identifier signal (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

As to claim 38, Singh et al. taught means for generating an internal pulse signal based on the behavior of the clock signal; means for using the internal pulse signal as a time reference for operations; means for using the internal pulse signal to generate the external pulse signal; and means for using the internal pulse to generate the inverted external pulse signal (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

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As to claim 39, Singh et al. taught means for deactivating the external pulse signal when the global thread identifier signal toggles; means for reactivating the external pulse signal at an end of a cycle in which the global thread identifier signal toggled; and means for using the global thread identifier signal to generate the local thread identifier signal (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

As to claim 40, Singh et al. taught means for deactivating the external pulse signal when the multi function signal begins to serve as a scan enable function; means for reactivating the external pulse signal dependent upon whether the multi-function signal stopped serving as a scan enable function before an end of a clock cycle in which the multi-function signal began serving as the scan enable function; and means for activating a scan clock signal when the multi-function signal serves as the scan enable function for more than one clock cycle (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

As to claim 41, Singh et al. taught means for activating an internal scan ready signal at a beginning of a clock cycle immediately following a previous clock cycle in which the multi-function signal began serving as a scan enable function; and means for deactivating the internal scan ready signal when the multi function signal stops serving as the scan enable function (fig. 11a, col. 7, lines 12-38).

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Joy et al. 6,341,347

Singh et al. 6,433,607

Joy et al. 6,351,808

Joy et al. 6,507,862

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Larry D Donaghue whose telephone number is 703-305-9675. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Follansbee can be reached on 703-305-8498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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LARRY D. DONAGHUE
PRIMARY EXAMINER

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "LD", with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.